

Scam 11/19/04

February 3 1906 Crescent

As a result of a recent general Council Congress will be petitioned to pass a bill granting fee simple patents for all land in Oneida.

George Doxtator and Lehigh Wheelock were appointed to travel to Washington to present their argument.

The present set-up disallows the sale of land by former or first owners. But allows heirs to sell.

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All the Indian children living on the Oneida Reservation in Outagamie County between the ages of 5 and 18 years of age will be compelled to attend school.

Dist. Atty A. H. Krugmeier issued an order to the parents or guardian of all the children on the reservation.

Supt. Hart of the Indian School agreed with and asked for enforcement.

Under a recent Act of the State legislature the Dist Atty. is instructed to see that all children of school attend the ~~special~~ special school organized and maintained by the government and where the expense of tuition, lodging, food and clothing of pupils enrolled in either wholly or partially born by the United States.

286. Removing child to school out of State without consent.
No Indian child shall be sent from an Indian reservation to a school beyond the State or Territory in which said reservation is situated without the voluntary consent of the father or mother of such child if either of them is living, and if neither of them is living without the voluntary consent of the next of kin of such child. Such consent shall be made before the agent of the reservation, and he shall send to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs his certificate that such consent has been voluntarily given before such child shall be removed from such reservation. And it shall be unlawful for any Indian agent or other employee of the Government to induce, or seek to induce, by withholding rations or by other improper means, the parents or next of kin of any Indian, to consent to the removal of any Indian child beyond the limits of any reservation. (Aug. 19, 1894, ch. 290, § 1, 28 Stat. 315; Mar. 2, 1895, ch. 193, § 1, 28 Stat. 906.)

287. Taking child to school in another State without written consent.
No Indian child shall be taken from any school in any State or Territory to a school in any other State without the written consent of its parents. (Aug. 19, 1894, ch. 290, § 1, 28 Stat. 315.)

292. Discontinuance of boarding and day schools having small attendance.
All reservation and nonreservation boarding schools with an average attendance of less than forty-five and eighty pupils, respectively, shall be discontinued on or before the beginning of the ensuing fiscal year. The pupils in schools so discontinued shall be transferred first, if possible, to Indian day schools of State public schools; second, to adjacent reservation or nonreservation boarding schools, to the limit of the capacity of said schools; provided, that all day schools with an average attendance of less than eight shall be discontinued on or before the beginning of the ensuing fiscal year. Provided further, that all money appropriated for any school discontinued pursuant to this section or for other cause shall be returned immediately to the treasury of the United States. (May 10, 1929, ch. 277, § 1, 45 Stat. 469; Dec. 12, 1927, ch. 27, § 1, 44 Stat. 244; Mar. 2, 1928, ch. 13, § 1, 45 Stat. 215; Mar. 2, 1929, ch. 105, § 1, 45 Stat. 1526.)

294. Sale of certain abandoned buildings on lands belonging to Indian tribes.
The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to sell and convey at public sale to the highest bidder, under such regulations and under such terms and conditions as he may prescribe, at not less than the appraised value thereof, any abandoned day or boarding school plant or any abandoned agency buildings, situated on lands belonging to any Indian tribe and not longer needed for Indian or administrative purposes, and to sell therewith out or exceed one hundred and sixty acres of land on which such plant or buildings may be situated to all lands disposed of under the provision of this section shall pass to the purchaser by deed or by patent in fee, with such reservations or conditions as the said Secretary may deem just and proper, no purchaser to acquire more than one hundred and sixty acres on any one tract. Provided, that the proceeds of all such sales shall be deposited in the treasury of the United States to the credit of the Indian to whom said lands belong, to be disposed of in accordance with existing law. (Feb. 16, 1933, ch. 15, § 1, 47 Stat. 615.)