

ANNUAL REPORTS

OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1905.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

PART I.

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT OF LAND OF PLANKHART SCHOOL.

LAC DE PLANKHART, WIS., August 7, 1905.

The school is located on a sandy point of land of about 15 acres. The point is nearly surrounded by the waters of three lakes, and is covered by a growth of native pines and young hard woods. It is connected by good wagon road with Lac du Flambeau station, on the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad, distant 29 miles.

Attendance.—The Indians of the reservation are friendly toward the school, so no trouble is encountered in keeping the school filled to its utmost capacity. The children come into school voluntarily the 1st of September, with the exception of a occasional pupil whose folks are temporarily away from the reservation at the time of the commencement of school. The enrollment for the year is 174, with an average attendance of 1544. There is not so large an attendance of the year previous, but it was thought best to reduce the attendance somewhat on account of overcrowding. With the increased accommodations now in process of completion room will be provided for every child of school age belonging to this reservation.

Health.—The health of the pupils has been excellent, there having been no epidemics and only one death, due to spinal meningitis. There were no contractions of dangerous diseases to contract with, the cases at the hospital being confined to colds, diphtheria, and such minor ailments as are peculiar to children. With pure water, perfect drainage, and ventilating atmosphere, and plenty of wholesome food there is probably no place in the United States where the mortality is lower.

Industry.—The glass-room work has been good, and while the children have not been crowded, a full year's work has been accomplished in spite of the fact that the school year was shortened one month.

Industry.—The main effort of the school has been directed toward developing the boys into independent, self-supporting farmers, and the girls into efficient helpmates. To accomplish this purpose only enough of each trade is taught to make them independent of outside assistance when they need a harness mended, a horse shod, or a barn built. The boys are taught the care and mending of harnesses, particularly to the point of being able to replace any part of the harness, except the collar, sleighing, and harnessing; repair work; blacksmithing, simple forge work, repairing machinery, and harnessing; farming; all kinds of garden work and small fruit; forestry of all kinds, and stock such as cattle, horses, pigs, and chickens.

The girls handled 6,356 gallons of milk and made 1,170 pounds of butter, raised 200 chickens, earned 400 quarts of fruit, and manufactured in the sewing room 366 dresses, 97 aprons, 60 sun bonnets, 153 night shirts, 115 towels, 41 chest protectors, 79 cases, 186 pairs drawers, 2 pairs pants, 45 undershirts, 66 shirts, 138 suits combination underwear, 15 vests, 200 pillowcases, 45 tablecloths, besides doing the mending, washing, and chamber work of the school, and receiving instruction in general housework.

Farming and gardening.—A detailed report on the methods of working the farm is given in the report of the year after January 1, 1905. In the amount of products of the farm has been made over any previous year. Fifty acres more of land was cleared and put into crop. In the present state of affairs the farm work is maintained for two years more. The school will be able to do all its own clothing to supply stock sufficient to furnish the school with its own beds, pots, and covers. Considerable progress has also been made toward removing the stumps from the cleared land, all spare time being devoted to that occupation. About 20 acres were completely cleared of stumps this year.

Industry.—In furthering the effort made by you, the year previous to get girls to go out into families at fair wages in order to learn more of household work is a family and of home life, I placed six girls at the close of school in families in various parts of the State and Territory, and in a week after, I received a letter from each of these girls giving their applications for girls from the school. I still receive a letter to these letters a week from places as distant as Milwaukee and Chicago. Great care has been exercised in the selection of homes in which the girls have been placed, and in looking after them after they were placed. So far the results have been entirely satisfactory, and four of the girls have expressed a desire to stay at their places through the year.

Improvements.—Besides the improvements already mentioned on the farm in the way of clearing and breaking new land, many improvements have been made to the buildings and grounds. The laundry building has been removed from the rear of the grounds to a position at the back in line with the shops, and converted into a carpenter shop, while the carpenter shop has been remodeled into an excelsior factory. The exterior of all the buildings is in process of receiving two coats of paint of a color that will better harmonize with the surrounding than the one they now possess. This will be completed before cold weather. A new building has been constructed for the steam heating plant, which has been greatly increased in capacity. A new school building has been erected on the site of the old building in its process of construction, one story, which will be opened on the 1st of September. It is provided with all the modern conveniences of the school, including a central heating plant, and a good fire alarm system, which has been done on the same plan as the new building. A good iron stock, many of the old buildings have been removed to the back of the main building, where they are less unsightly. A name of the names and amount of donations have been put out in the school grounds, greatly adding to the beauty of the place.

Employment.—The employees have done their work well, and while there have been a few changes in the school force, they have been at the request of the employers and in the line of promotion and advancement, and have been concluded with the best of results. In the school force, there have been about 100 men, and 100 women, and 100 children. The school force has been very large, and the school has been very successful. The school has been very successful in its work, and the children have been very happy and contented. The school has been very successful in its work, and the children have been very happy and contented. The school has been very successful in its work, and the children have been very happy and contented.

HENRY J. DEGLIERI, Superintendent.

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT IN CHARGE OF ONEIDA.

ONEIDA, WIS., September 1, 1905.

The population of the reservation was as follows on June 30:

Males	1,116
Females	972
Males over 18	635
Females over 14	612
Children 0 to 10	491
Births	66
Deaths	35
Marriages	70

The size and location of the reservation have been fully given in previous reports.

Sales of imbricated Indian lands from July 1, 1904, to June 30, 1905, under the act of May 27, 1906, amounted to 1,432.72 acres, from 38 allottees. Most of this amount received was \$25,162.50, or an average of \$17.98 per acre. Most of this land was wholly unimproved. On July 15, 1905, there remained in bank to the credit of the heirs of these estates the sum of \$15,802.26. The larger part of the disbursements from these funds has been for articles of permanent value. Among them may be noted the building of 11 new houses and the repair amounting almost to rebuilding of 13 others; the purchase of 6 binders, 14 mowers, 9 horse rakes, 11 wagons, 19 horses, 23 cows, 7 top buggies, 9 platform wagons, 15 plows, 31 sets harness, 9 cook stoves, 10 heating stoves, 29 sets furniture, and 17 coffins—the latter necessary if not valuable.

The first payment of \$100 each on the long-delayed Kansas claim was begun August 26 and is now about half done. A considerable part of this fund has already been spent with the exception of this office, and among other purchases, beside the payment of outstanding bills for groceries and clothing, are 30 sets harness, 27 top buggies, 13 round wagons, 9 lumber wagons, 25 horses, 7 sewing machines, 15 mirrors, and 207 spoons of barbed wire. In many instances the purchase of minor children be placed in bank for their use when of age. In this distribution I have had the continual assistance and wise counsel of the committee of ten of the principal men of the nation, originally nominated by me and afterwards confirmed by the nation in general council, and to them it is largely due that the payment has been made without any of the unpleasant features which often attend the payment of large sums of money.

The question of asking for a removal of all restrictions on land has been debated long and earnestly, and it is the opinion of the ablest men of the tribe that the result of this payment will largely determine their attitude toward that question. If the majority show an ability to care for their money and a desire to invest wisely, an earnest effort will be made to secure full control of their lands, but if, on the contrary, a disposition is shown to spend lavishly for things not necessary or desirable no further effort will be made in that direction.

Schools.—Day school No. 1, the only day school maintained on this reservation by the Government, was closed during the year, but was opened in July of this year and now has a satisfactory attendance. It is expected that this school will have its vacation in January and February and remain open during the summer months, when the pupils can attend more regularly.

Boarding school.—The enrollment at the boarding school was 224 with an average attendance of 196. The school building was burned on the night of February 8, yet school work was continued, under some disadvantages, but without sensible interruption, in rooms in other buildings. As usual, a large number have been transferred to the training schools, and their places will be filled by younger pupils from the reservation.

The Wisconsin legislature, at the last session, passed a compulsory law, which we hope will secure the attendance of a number of pupils that we have not previously been able to reach.

Buildings are good and when the repairs now authorized are completed will be in good condition.

As in former years, the average age of pupils is less than 10, and the industrial training for boys is gardening and care of stock, and for girls housework and sewing. The force of employees is good and their work satisfactory.

JOSEPH C. HART, Superintendent.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to set apart a tract of land not exceeding one hundred and twenty acres in extent, immediately adjacent to the lands now owned by the Keller and Indiana Consolidated Smelting Company, in the south half of the Colville Indian Reservation, in the State of Washington, suitable in its location for a township, and that he cause the same to be conveyed to such person or persons as may be designated by said company to receive title thereto, upon payment by said company of such price as may be fixed by him, and that the money received therefrom shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the Colville Indians.

That the President be, and he is hereby, authorized to issue a fee-simple patent to Henry Guiter, an Omaha Indian, for lands heretofore allotted to him in Nebraska, to wit: the north east quarter of the southwest quarter, and lot four, section fifteen, township twenty-five north, range six east, of the sixth principal meridian, Nebraska, and all restrictions as to sale, incumbrance, or taxation of said lands are hereby removed.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to issue a patent in fee to Susan B. Hines, a member of the Sisseton and Wallapeton tribes of Indians, for the land heretofore allotted to her in Roberts County, in the State of South Dakota, and all restrictions as to sale, incumbrance, or taxation of said land is hereby removed.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and hereby is, authorized and directed to issue a patent in fee to Long Jim for the lands heretofore allotted to him by the Secretary of the Interior on April eleventh, eighteen hundred and ninety-four, as modified and changed by Department order of April twentieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-four, under and by virtue of the agreement concluded July seventh, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, by and between the Secretary of the Interior and the Commissioner of Indian Affairs and Chief Moens and other Indians of the Columbia and Colville reservations, commonly known as the "Moens agreement," accepted, ratified and confirmed by the Act of Congress approved July fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-four (Twenty-third Statutes, pages seventy-nine and eighty), and under the decision of the General Land Office of July ninth, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, affirmed by the Department of the Interior January sixth, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, to wit: the northeast quarter, northwest quarter of the southeast quarter and lot one of section eleven, the northwest quarter and southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section twelve, lot one of section fourteen, and lots one and two of section thirteen, township twenty-seven north, range twenty-two east, Williamsburg meridian, Washington, free of all restrictions as to sale, incumbrance, or taxation.

That Cornelius Dostaler, Oneida allottee numbered three hundred and ninety-two, to whom trust patent has been issued containing restrictions upon alienation, may sell and convey any portion of his allotment, but such conveyance shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, and when so approved shall convey a full title to the purchaser of the same as if a final patent without restrictions had been issued to the allottee.

That Parthalia, Kiowa allottee numbered twenty-six hundred and eighty-seven, to whom a trust patent has been issued containing restrictions upon alienation, may sell and convey not exceeding ten acres of his allotment, and that Otto Wilds, Comanche allottee numbered one hundred and two, to whom a similar patent has been issued, may sell and convey not exceeding eighty acres of his allotment, but that such conveyances shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, and when so approved shall convey full title to the purchaser the same as if a final patent, without restrictions, had been issued to the respective allottees.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to issue a patent in fee simple to William Lyons, a Chickpawa Indian, for the lands heretofore allotted to him on the Road de Lac Rosecrans, in the State of Minnesota, to wit: the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter and the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-one, township forty-nine north, range seventeen west of the fourth principal meridian, and all restrictions as to sale, incumbrance, or taxation of said lands are hereby removed.

That the President be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to issue a patent in fee to Theresa Anderson, allottee, of allotment of the lands of the Ponca Indian Reservation in Boyd County, Nebraska, numbered twenty, being the southeast quarter and the north one-half of the southwest quarter, and the south one-half of the northwest quarter of section eight, in township thirty-three north of range eleven west of the sixth principal meridian, in the county of Boyd, in the State of Nebraska, and all restrictions as to sale, incumbrance, or taxation of said lands are hereby removed.

That the President be, and he is hereby, authorized to issue a patent in fee to Jennie M. Brown, a member of the Sisseton and Wallapeton band of Sioux Indians, for lands heretofore allotted to her in the State of South Dakota, and all restrictions as to sale, incumbrance, or taxation of said lands are hereby removed.

That Louise Morgan and Mrs. Marsden (Wanyegwankewin), Yankton Sioux allottees, to whom trust patents have been issued containing restrictions upon alienation, may sell and convey all, or any part of their allotments, but that such conveyances shall be subject to

the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, and when so approved, shall convey full title to the purchaser, the same as if final patent, without restrictions, had been issued to said allottees.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to issue a patent in fee simple to Abraham Elm, an Onondaga Indian, for the lands heretofore allotted to him in the State of Wisconsin, and all restrictions as to sale, incumbrance, or taxation of said lands are hereby removed.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized in his discretion to issue a patent in fee simple to Simon Antone, an Onondaga Indian, for the lands heretofore allotted to him in the State of Wisconsin, and all restrictions as to sale, incumbrance, or taxation of said lands are hereby removed.

That William T. Selwyn, a Yankton Sioux Indian, may purchase, upon such terms and conditions as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe, a tract of not exceeding thirty-eight and sixty-one one-hundredths acres from the lands reserved for the Yankton Agency, South Dakota, including the land upon which the improvements of the said Selwyn are located, described as follows: Northwest quarter (lot five) of southwest quarter of section twenty-seven, township ninety-four, of range sixty-four, and the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to convey said tract to the said Selwyn by patent in fee.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized in his discretion to issue a patent in fee to Francis McCreary, a Yankton Indian, whose allotment is numbered eleven hundred and thirty-four, for the east half of the northeast quarter of section fifteen, township eleven north, range nineteen east, of the Williamsburg meridian, and all restrictions as to sale, incumbrance, or taxation of said lands are hereby removed.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to issue patents in fee simple to the following named persons for the following tracts of land, respectively, the same being allottees on the Sisseton Indian Reservation of South Dakota, to wit: To Samuel J. Brown, junior, lot five, section twenty-four, township one hundred and twenty-five north, range fifty west, fifth principal meridian: the south half of the southwest quarter of section twenty-nine, and the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section thirty-two, township one hundred and twenty-six north, range fifty west. To Phoebe S. Lowe, formerly Phoebe S. Brown, the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section twenty-four, township one hundred and twenty-five north, range fifty west; the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section thirty-two, township one hundred and twenty-six north, range fifty west. To Lillian S. Clay, formerly Lillian S. Brown, lot one, section twenty-five, township one hundred and twenty-five north, range fifty west; the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter, the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-nine, township one hundred and twenty-six north, range fifty west. And all provisions restricting or limiting the issue of patent, or alienation of said lands by said allottees are hereby repealed so far as they conflict with this Act.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized as his discretion to issue patents in fee to Henry Meagher, a Cheyenne and Arapaho Indian, for the lands heretofore allotted to him in the Territory of Oklahoma, to wit: The southwest quarter of section thirty-two, township eleven north, of range seven west, of the Indian meridian; and all restrictions as to sale, incumbrance, or taxation of said lands are hereby removed.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to issue patents in fee to Jeanette Jackson, formerly Jeanette McLaughry, a Cheyenne and Arapaho Indian, for the lands heretofore allotted to her in the Territory of Oklahoma, to wit: The northeast quarter of section thirty-one, township eleven north, of range seven west, of the Indian meridian; and all restrictions as to sale, incumbrance, or taxation of said lands are hereby removed.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to issue patents in fee to Maggie Meagher, a Cheyenne and Arapaho Indian, for the lands heretofore allotted to her in the Territory of Oklahoma, to wit: The southeast quarter of section thirty-one, township eleven north, of range seven west, of the Indian meridian; and all restrictions as to sale, incumbrance, or taxation of said lands are hereby removed.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to issue a patent in fee simple to Jefferson Goulette, for the lands heretofore allotted to him in the State of South Dakota, to wit: The northwest quarter of the southwest quarter, or lots numbered three, four, and five of section thirty-one, township thirty-seven north, range sixty-four west, of the fifth principal meridian, and all restrictions as to sale, incumbrance, or taxation of said lands are hereby removed.

That Josephine Lillis is hereby given and granted the absolute, unqualified fee-simple title to the west half of the northwest quarter of section ten, in township ten north, range twenty east, of the Williamsburg meridian, in the Yankton Indian Reservation in the State of Washington, under patent heretofore issued to her by the United States of America, bearing

date July tenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, which patent is recorded in volume fifty-two, page two hundred and thirty-five, in the records of the General Land Office, free and clear from any trust or reservation, and with full power in her to sell and convey the same, free from any trust or reservation, by the United States of America, giving, granting, and conveying to her the absolute fee-simple title thereto, free and clear from any trusts or reservations, and with full power in her to dispose of the same without restriction. And the provisions of the Act of Congress approved February eighth, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven (Twenty-fourth Statutes, page three hundred and eighty-eight), as amended by the Act of February fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-one (Twenty-sixth Statutes, page seven hundred and ninety-four), shall not hereafter apply to or affect the said real property, and the patent hereto issued to her, bearing date July tenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, and recorded in volume fifty-two, page two hundred and thirty-five, in the records of the General Land Office, be, and he is hereby, authorized, in his discretion, to issue a patent in fee to Mrs. Nive C. Lewis, Rosebud allottee numbered thirty-nine hundred and eighty-six, for the lands heretofore allotted to her, and all restrictions as to sale, incumbrance, or taxation of said lands are hereby removed.

That all restrictions as to the sale, incumbrance, or taxation of the lands heretofore allotted or that may hereafter be allotted to Mrs. Jennie Q. Norton, of Ramona, Indian Territory, or to Fred A. Kerr, of Fortford, Indian Territory, both citizens of the Cherokee Nation, and duly enrolled as such, be, and the same hereby are, removed.

That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized and empowered to issue a patent to Henry A. Quinn for the east half of the northwest quarter, the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter, and the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section thirty-two, township one hundred and twenty-five north, range fifty west of the fifth principal meridian, South Dakota.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized, in his discretion, to issue a patent in fee to Benjamin McBride, Yanukon Sioux allottee, for the lands heretofore allotted him in South Dakota, and all restrictions as to the sale, incumbrance, or taxation of said lands are hereby removed.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to issue a patent in fee to Louisa Quinn Miller, a member of the Sisseton and Wabipkon band of Sioux Indians, for lands heretofore allotted to her in the State of South Dakota, and all restrictions as to sale, incumbrance, or taxation of said lands are hereby removed.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to set apart a tract of land not exceeding twenty acres in extent on the land reserved for agency purposes on the Yanukon Indian Reservation, in the State of South Dakota, for the personal use of the Yanukon tribe of Sioux Indians for a park and site for a monument or monuments to the memory of deceased Yanukon Sioux chiefs and eminent members of their said tribe whose memory they may desire to perpetuate.

That the resolutions of the Seminole council, passed and approved on April eighteenth, nineteen hundred, accepting and ratifying the contract and sale made by the Seminole town-site commissioners to John F. Brown, of the unsold lots in the town of Wewoka, Indian Territory, for the sum of twelve thousand dollars, and also providing for the distribution of the said money among the Seminole people per capita, be, and the same is hereby, ratified and confirmed.

That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to sell and convey a [by] patent to the doctress of Duluth for one hundred and sixty acres of land in the Chippewa Reservation of Minnesota, within the county of Cass, in said State, to be used as a site for a mission church to be established and maintained by said doctress of Duluth, said land to be selected by the Secretary of the Interior. *Provided*, That such sale does not conflict with any prior claim to such land. Such land to be sold for one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, and the timber, if any, on said land to be sold at such price as may be determined by the Secretary of the Interior, the proceeds of said land and timber to be placed to the credit of the Chippewas of Mississippi.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized to issue patents in fee to Ross Rice and Thomas Quinn, Sisseton allottees, for the lands heretofore allotted to them in South Dakota, and that he be authorized, in his discretion, to issue a patent in fee to Alice Forester, an Onida allottee, for lands heretofore allotted to her in Wisconsin, and all reservations as to sale, incumbrance, and taxation of said lands are hereby removed.

That the President be, and he is hereby, authorized, in his discretion, to issue fee simple patents to Antoine Gabury and Carroll Farley, Omaha Indians, for lands heretofore allotted them in Nebraska, and all restrictions as to the sale, incumbrance, or taxation of said lands are hereby removed.

That Rams Bowring or William Elk, Ponca allottee numbered eighty-four, to whom a trust patent has been issued for lands heretofore allotted to him in Nebraska containing

restrictions upon alienation, may sell and convey a tract of land lying on both sides of the right of way of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway, not exceeding five acres, but that such conveyance shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, and when so approved shall convey full title to the purchaser the same as if a final patent without restrictions had been issued to the allottee.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized, in his discretion, to issue a patent in fee to John Thompson, a Santee Sioux Indian, in lieu of the trust patent heretofore issued to him for the lands in Nebraska, and all restrictions as to sale, incumbrance, or taxation of said lands are hereby removed.

To enable the Secretary of the Interior to purchase, for the use and benefit of the Mille Lac Indians, lot numbered four in section twenty-eight, township forty-three north, of range twenty-seven west of the fourth principal meridian, Minnesota, reserved by joint resolution of Congress of May twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, as a perpetual burial place for the Mille Lac Indians, five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, the person or persons holding the legal title to said lot to deed the same by warranty deed to the United States in trust for the use and benefit of the Mille Lac Indians.

That the lands now held by the various villages or pueblos of Pueblo Indians, or by individual members thereof, within Pueblo reservations or lands in the Territory of New Mexico, and all personal property furnished said Indians by the United States, or used in cultivating said lands, and any cattle and sheep now possessed or that may hereafter be acquired by said Indians shall be free and exempt from taxation of any sort whatsoever, including taxes heretofore levied, if any, until Congress shall otherwise provide.

That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to return to the several purchasers of the pine timber from the lands of the ceded Chippewa Indian reservations, in the State of Minnesota, all or such parts of the moneys heretofore or hereafter severally deposited with their sealed bids, being twenty per centum of the amount of such bids, at sales held, or to be held, under the Act of January fourteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, as amended by Act of June twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and two, as the Secretary of the Interior may determine such purchasers entitled to after the completion of their contracts of purchase.

That so much of the Act of March third, nineteen hundred and three, as provides that the grazing lands to be set apart for the use of the Uintah, White River Utes, and other Indians on the Uintah Reservation, as provided by public resolution numbered thirty-one, of June nineteenth, nineteen hundred and two, shall be confined to the lands south of the Strawberry River, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

That the time for opening to public entry the unallotted lands on the Uintah Reservation in Utah having been fixed by law as the tenth day of March, nineteen hundred and five, it is hereby provided that the time for opening said reservation shall be extended to the first of September, nineteen hundred and five, unless the President shall determine that the same may be opened at an earlier date and that the manner of opening such lands for settlement and entry, and for tickets as may have been set aside as national forest reserve, and such national lands as were disposed of by the Act of Congress of May twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and two, shall be disposed of under the general provisions of the homestead and town-site laws of the United States, and shall be opened to settlement and entry by proclamation of the President, which proclamation shall prescribe the manner in which these lands may be settled upon, occupied, and conveyed by persons entitled to make entry thereof; and no person shall be permitted to settle upon, occupy, or enter any of said lands, except as prescribed in said proclamation, until after the expiration of sixty days from the time when the same are thereby opened to settlement and entry. *Provided*, That the rights of honorably discharged Union soldiers and sailors of the late civil and the Spanish war or Philippine insurrection, as defined and described in sections twenty-three hundred and four and twenty-three hundred and five of the Revised Statutes, as amended by the Act of March first, nineteen and one, shall not be abridged. *And provided further*, That all lands opened to settlement and entry under this Act remaining undisposed of at the expiration of five years from the taking effect of this Act shall be sold and disposed of for cash, under rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior, not more than six hundred and forty acres to any one person. The proceeds of the sale of such lands shall be applied as provided in the Act of Congress of May twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and two, and the Acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto.

That before the opening of the Uintah Indian Reservation the President is hereby authorized to set apart and reserve as an addition to the Uintah Forest Reserve, subject to the laws, rules, and regulations governing forest reserves, and subject in the mineral rights granted by the Act of Congress of May twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and two, such portion of the lands within the Uintah Indian Reservation as he considers necessary, and

